#### Probing the polarized innermost structure of the relativistic jet of 4C + 01.28

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# 1. INTRODUCTION

This data delivery contains what is defined by the Event Horizon Telescope Collaboration (EHTC) as L1 data for the Very Long Baseline Interferometry (VLBI) 1-mm 2018 observing campaign by the Event Horizon Telescope (EHT). The 2018 campaign was the second where the Atacama Large Millimeter Array (ALMA) participated as a phased array, a capability that was developed by the ALMA Phasing Project (APP; (Doeleman 2010; Fish et al. 2013; Matthews et al. 2018)). The EHT L1 data encompasses the VLBI correlator output, converted into circular polarization basis, as well as the calibration information from the participating telescopes. For ALMA this includes their quality assurance (QA2) output that is used for the polarization basis conversion. The primary reference for the data from the EHT 2018 April observation campaign is Event Horizon Telescope Collaboration et al. (2024). The paper in detail discusses the processing carried out for the current L1 data delivery. Aspects that are the same as the EHT 2017 April campain are described in more detail in Event Horizon Telescope Collaboration et al. (2019). For scientific results derived from the EHT 2018 April Observation Campaign see https://eventhorizontelescope.org/publications. Additional data products derived from this L1 data can be found at https://eventhorizontelescope.org/for-astronomers/data.

This data delivery includes data from the following facilities: ALMA, the Atacama Pathfinder Experiment (APEX), the Submillimeter Telescope (SMT), the James Clerk Maxwell Telescope (JCMT), the Large Millimeter Telescope Alfonso Serrano (LMT), the IRAM 30m telescope, the phased Submillimeter Array (SMA), the South Pole Telescope (SPT), and the Greenland Telescope (GLT). More information about the facilities used for these observations can be found in Event Horizon Telescope Collaboration et al. (2024). The overall goal of the observations is to image the supermassive black holes M87<sup>\*</sup> (M87) and Sagittarius A<sup>\*</sup> (SGRA) at event horizon scales and to image the AGNs OJ287, CENA and blazar 4C +-1.28 (B1055+018, J1058+015) at high resolution. The specific goal of the ALMA observations in this project as given in the abstract of the proposal are:

We want to probe the polarized fine structure of the nuclear region of the blazar 4C +01.28 (B1055+018, J1058+015) via 1.3-mm EHT+ALMA observations. 4C +01.28 has a mm flux density over 3 Jy, highly variable up to high energies. Recent GMVA 3-mm results show a compact polarized core with a faint relativistic jet. It is an excellent target for ALMA with high brigtness at the celestial equator. At cm-wavelengths, its polarized structure consists of a two-component structure, with an inner spine with a transverse B field and a distinct boundary layer (the sheath) with a longitudinal B field. Our observations will provide a deep polarization image of the stratified jet at 30uas resolution, probing uniquely whether the spine-sheath structure extends to jet base and testing, on scales of 1200  $R_s$ , the different MHD jet formation models: Blandford-Payne models, where the jet is anchored to magnetized rotating disks, should result in an edge-brightened polarisation up to the base of the jet; or Blandford-Znajek models, where the jet is driven by the BH spin, result in a more compact footprint of the jet, which implies a higher opacity and a smaller polarisation degree.

### 2. CONTENT OF THE DATA DELIVERY

The following file naming conventions have been used throughout the EHT 2018 April Observation Compaign data deliveries:

• \*-fits.tgz: Final correlation output (FITS)

- \*-hops.tgz: Final correlation output (HOPS)
- \*-4fit.tgz: Sample Fourfit Fringe files (4FIT)
- \*-dxin.tgz: Correlator DiFX input files
- \*-haxp.tgz: Mixed Pol ALMA-only correlations (HOPS)
- \*-pcin.tgz: PolConversion input files
- \*-pcqk.tgz: PolConversion processing artifacts
- \*-swin.tgz: Correlator DiFX output files (SWIN)
- \*-logs.txt: Observing track processing logs
- \*.app\_deliverables.tgz: ALMA QA2 data
- \*.metadata-ehtc\_metadata2018\_dec2023.tgz: Observing metadata

Some of these are quite large and have been split into multiple files to get more manageable pieces. These typically group VLBI scans on a single target together. The partition is based on:

- experiment: The unique \$EXPER reference label of the VLBI schedule VEX file; typically **e** followed by the last two digits of the year, followed by a track label (**a**-**z**) followed by two digits of day of month
- revision: Revision number; monotonically increasing with time
- sub-band: b1-b4 representing the 213.1 GHz, 215.1 GHz, 227.1 GHz and 229.1 GHz bands (representing the band center at ALMA)
- project: A short "nickname" corresponding to the primary target of the ALMA project; na refers to observations not involving ALMA
- target: The name of the target of the VLBI scans

All files are prefixed with the ALMA group uid for the project and an ALMA large project "nickname". So for example group.uid\_\_A001\_X1220\_X969.ec\_eht.e18c21-1-b1-sgra-NRA0530-fits.tgz refers to the visibility data in FITS format of the VLBI scans of the SGRA ALMA project that observed target NRAO530 in track 'c' of the EHT observations on April 21st 2018.

The Correlator DiFX input files are the control input files for the DiFX software correlator that were used to correlate the data. This includes the correlator model that was used for correlation. This does not include the baseband (voltage) data from the individual telescopes as these have not been retained (as is normal practice for VLBI observations) due to the large size of this data.

The *Correlator DiFX output files* are the raw correlator output in the so-called SWIN format. This data is in mixed polarization basis and is provided to make it possible to the redo the conversion into circular polarization basis. The result will have to be converted into FITS or HOPS format using the appropriate tools from DiFX for further processing.

The PolConversion input files are the control input files for the Polconvert package (Martí-Vidal et al. 2016).

The *PolConversion processing artifacts* provide various diagnostic plots produced by **Polconvert** that provide a means to assess the quality of the conversion from a mixed basis into circular basis.

The Sample Fourfit Fringe files.

The Mixed Pol ALMA-only correlations are a subset of the correlator output in Mk4 fileset (HOPS) format in mixed polarisation basis generated without running Polconvert. This subset contains only the files for the baselines that contain ALMA as the files for other baselines have identical content to the ones provided in the *Final correlation output*.

The *Final correlation output* is provided in two different formats: FITS and HOPS. This data is in circular polarization basis. The FITS files follow the FITS-IDI convention as documented in Greisen (2009) and can be loaded



into radio-interferometry data reduction software packages like AIPS and CASA. The HOPS files are in the Mk4 fileset format for further processing with the HOPS software package that is often used for mm-VLBI (Whitney et al. 2004).

The Observing track processing logs contain output from the top-level data processing and archiving process. These are provided for completeness.

The Observing metadata contains is a collection of metadata to accompany all the EHT Observations taken in April 2018. This includes a priori estimates of station sensitivity for all EHT 2018 scans in ANTAB format (Issaoun et al. 2017), as well as validation plots and auxiliary files produced by the metadata processing pipeline and the raw input data for that pipeline. This metadata package is described in detail in Koay et al. (2023). Metadata in this package can be used as auxiliary information to process original EHT correlator output in FITS-IDI or HOPS format. Data that has already been reduced and calibrated are provided in accompanying EHT publications, see for example Event Horizon Telescope Collaboration et al. (2024).

The data processing flow and the data products produced by it are illustrated by figure 1.

# 3. DATA PROCESSING METHODS

The VLBI baseband data (including ALMA VLBI output) was correlated using the DiFX software correlator (Deller et al. 2011), using zoom bands to account for differences in observation bands and sampling rates used at the various stations that form the EHT. The input parameters for the correlation as well as some of the intermediate parameter descriptions are provided in the \*-dxin.tgz files. This includes the observed schedule in VEX format (\*.vex.obs) which includes the clock model and the earth orientation parameters (EOPs) that were used for correlation. The main correlation parameters are provided in the \*.v2d files. From these files the intermediate parameter files are generated. These are provided in the \*.input and \*.calc. files. The latter is then used to generate the correlator model, which is provided in the \*.im files using the CALC11 code bundled with DiFX.

All telescopes of the EHT array, except for ALMA, observed circular polarizations. ALMA instead uses receivers that provide linear polarizations. This results in mixed pol correlation output. This mixed pol output is converted into a circular basis using Polconvert v1.7.9 (Martí-Vidal et al. 2016). This was done using the version of Polconvert as bundled with DiFX using the ALMA QA2 data (\*.app\_deliverables.tgz) as auxiliary input (Goddi et al. 2019).

Finally the output from Polconvert is converted into FITS format using the difx2fits tool and converted into HOPS format using the difx2mark4 tool bundled with DiFX.

### 4. QUALITY ASSESSMENT

Initial quality assessment of the correlated data was performed by an initial fringe-fit using the fourfit tool that is part of the HOPS package. These results are included in this data release in the \*-4fit.tgz package.

Quality assessment of the polarization conversion: Polconvert produces diagnostic plots; these plots are included in the \*-pcqk.tgz files.

The final quality assessment has been done on both the FITS and HOPS data using two different pipelines. This includes fringe validation, checks on thermal error consistency and closure quantities. Details can be found in section 3.3 of Event Horizon Telescope Collaboration et al. (2024) and section 8 of Event Horizon Telescope Collaboration et al. (2019).

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